METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DETERMINING A SLOT FORMAT OF A FRACTIONAL DEDICATED PHYSICAL CONTROL CHANNEL

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ABSTRACT

A method for determining a slot format of an F-DPCH is disclosed in the present disclosure, including: a Node B using No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH as the slot format for transmitting information over the F-DPCH when detecting that a UE in CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an F-DCH. An apparatus for determining a slot format of an F-DPCH is also disclosed. The present disclosure ensures that the slot format of the F-DPCH transmitted by the Node B is identical with that of the F-DPCH received by the UE, so that the UE can correctly receive the TPC bits carried on the F-DPCH, and thus the UE can use the TPC bits to implement inner loop power control. Therefore, the Node B can correctly receive the data information transmitted over an F-DPDCH.

T_{slot} = 2560 chips

1 radio frame: T_f = 10 ms
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Fig. 1

\[ T_{\text{slot}} = 2560 \text{ chips} \]

1 radio frame: \( T_f = 10 \text{ ms} \)

Fig. 2

210: a PSCH reconfiguration message (containing configuration information about a common E-DCH but containing no slot format of the F-DPCH)

220: The Node B saves the configuration information about the common E-DCH

230: a PSCH reconfiguration response message

240: The Node B uses No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH to transmit information over the F-DPCH when detecting that a UE in the CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH
Fig. 3

310: a PSCH reconfiguration message (containing configuration information about a common E-DCH and containing a slot format of the F-DPCH)

320: The Node B saves the configuration information about the common E-DCH but ignores the slot format of the F-DPCH

330: a PSCH reconfiguration response message

340: The Node B uses No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH to transmit information over the F-DPCH when detecting that a UE in the CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using the E-DCH

Fig. 4

Receiving unit 42

Detecting unit 40

Determining unit 41
METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DETERMINING A SLOT FORMAT OF A FRACTIONAL DEDICATED PHYSICAL CONTROL CHANNEL

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present disclosure relates to technologies for determining the slot format of a Fractional Dedicated Physical Control Channel (F-DPCCH), and in particular to a method and apparatus for a Node B in a mobile radio communication system to determine the slot format of an F-DPCCH when a User Equipment (UE) is in cell forward access channel (CELL_FACH) state or idle mode.

BACKGROUND

With evolution of mobile communication systems, Quality of Service (QoS) for users has become the primary issue of operators. The QoS affects service performance and determines users’ satisfaction with services. One important aspect for improving the QoS is the time delay when setting up connections and allocating channels, and the existence of frequent services of small data packets, therefore, it is necessary to consider making the common channels work more effectively, for example, by reducing the signaling delay in the uplink and downlink. By introducing the downlink High Speed Packet Access (HSPA), 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) standard has shortened the downlink signaling delay in the CELL_FACH, Cell Paging Channel (CELL_PCH), or UTRAN Registration Area Paging Channel (URA_PCH) state, however, the issue of the uplink signaling delay still exists.

To shorten the uplink signaling delay, the following aspects need to be considered:

(1) reducing the waiting time of the user plane and control plane in the idle mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, or URA_PCH state;
(2) improving the peak rate in the CELL_FACH state;
(3) shortening the delay in transition between the idle, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH, and Cell Dedicated Channel (CELL_DCH) states.

To achieve the above objective, the 3GPP standard has introduced the Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) in the CELL_FACH state and idle mode, that is, the High Speed Uplink Packet Access (HSUPA) can be used in the idle mode or CELL_FACH state. Application of the HSUPA in the idle mode and CELL_FACH state is called the uplink enhanced CELL_FACH technology.

The uplink enhanced CELL_FACH technology follows the principle as follows: random access still adopts the access process of the Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH) but the channel type changes; that is, the E-DCH is used in the idle mode or CELL_FACH state, logical channels such as Common Control Channel (CCCH), Dedicated Control Channel (DCCH), or Dedicated Traffic Channel (DTCH) can be mapped to the E-DCH and then transmitted. The E-DCH is mapped to the E-DCH Dedicated Physical Data Channel (E-DPDCH). The E-DPDCH works basing on the E-DCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel (E-DPCCH). The E-DPCCH is based on the Dedicated Physical Control Channel (DPCCCH). Therefore, in the enhanced CELL_FACH state, a DPCCCH is required in the uplink, and for collaborating with the uplink DPCCCH to perform link synchronization, a Fractional Dedicated Physical Control Channel (F-DPCCH) is also required in the downlink.

2

According to the current 3GPP, Uu interface defines that No.0 slot format is used by the F-DPCCH used by the UE in the idle mode and CELL_FACH state, so it is needless for the radio network controller (RNC) to notify the Node B of the slot format through signaling. However, on the lub interface, there is a configuration cell for configuring the F-DPCCH slot format used in the idle mode or CELL_FACH state, and there are 10 types of slot formats that can be configured for the F-DPCCH, and the lub interface protocol does not define that the Node B can only use No.0 slot format.

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of E-DPCCH frame formats defined in the 3GPP protocol. Referring to FIG. 1, among the defined frame formats, N_OFF1 bits and N_OFF2 bits are non-transmission bits. The slot formats defined in the 3GPP protocols for the F-DPCCH are as shown in Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slot Format</th>
<th>Channel</th>
<th>Bit Rate (kbps)</th>
<th>Channel Symbol Rate (kbps)</th>
<th># F</th>
<th>Bits/Slot</th>
<th>Bits/Slot</th>
<th>Bits/Slot</th>
<th>Bits/Slot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It can be seen from the frame formats and the slot formats shown in Table 1, No.0 slot format differs from other formats in that the locations the Transmit Power Control (TPC) bits in a slot are different. Consequently, if the RNC configures a non-No.0 slot format for the F-DPCCH, the Node B uses the non-No.0 slot format configured by the RNC to transmit the F-DPCCH, but the UE, if fixedly uses No.0 slot format to receive the F-DPCCH. As a result, the UE cannot correctly receive the TPC bits information and thus it cannot perform inner loop power control properly, thereby causing link failure.

SUMMARY

Accordingly, the present disclosure is directed to providing a method and apparatus for determining the slot format of an F-DPCCH to enable a UE correctly receive TPC bits carried on the F-DPCCH and use the TPC bits to implement inner loop power control so that the Node B can correctly receive the data information transmitted over an E-DPDCH.

In view of the above objective, technical solutions of the disclosure are provided as follows.

In one aspect, a method for determining the slot format of a Fractional Dedicated Physical Control Channel (F-DPCCH) is provided, which includes:

- a Node B using No.0 slot format of the F-DPCCH as a slot format for sending messages over the F-DPCCH when detecting that a UE in CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH.

Preferably, the method further includes a step, preceding the step of detecting that a UE in CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH, of the Node B receiving configuration information about a common E-DCH from an RNC over signaling, where the common E-DCH configuration information contains configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCCH, or the common E-DCH configuration information contains no configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCCH.
Preferably, the signaling is a Physical Shared Channel (PSCH) reconfiguration request message.

Preferably, the common E-DCH configuration information is contained in the common E-DCH system information contained in the PSCH reconfiguration request message.

An apparatus for determining a slot format of an F-DPCH includes a detecting unit and a determining unit. The detecting unit is configured to detect whether a UE in CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH, and further triggers the determining unit if the UE is using the E-DCH.

The determining unit is configured to use No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH as the slot format for transmitting information over the F-DPCH.

Preferably, the apparatus further includes a receiving unit configured to receive configuration information about a common E-DCH from an RNC over signaling, where the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH, or the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains no configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH.

Preferably, the signaling is a PSCH reconfiguration request message.

Preferably, the configuration information about the common E-DCH is contained in the common E-DCH system information contained in the PSCH reconfiguration request message.

According to the present disclosure, when determining that a UE is currently in the idle mode or/and CELL_FACH state, the Node B uses No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH as the slot format for transmitting information over the F-DPCH instead of using the F-DPCH slot format notified by the RNC, regardless of whether the Node B have received the configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH from the RNC. This ensures that the slot format of the F-DPCH transmitted by the Node B is identical with that of the F-DPCH received by the UE, so that the UE can correctly receive the TPC bits carried on the F-DPCH, and thus the UE can use the TPC bits to implement inner loop power control. Therefore, the Node B can correctly receive the data information transmitted over an E-DPCH.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of F-DPCH frame formats defined in the 3GPP protocols.

FIG. 2 is a flowchart of a method for determining the slot format of an F-DPCH according to one embodiment of the present disclosure.

FIG. 3 is a flowchart of a method for determining the slot format of an F-DPCH according to another embodiment of the present disclosure.

FIG. 4 is a schematic structure diagram of an apparatus for determining the slot format of an F-DPCH according to the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The disclosure is described below in conjunction with the accompanying drawings and embodiments.

Embodiment 1

FIG. 2 is a flowchart of a method for determining the slot format of an F-DPCH according to one embodiment of the present disclosure. Referring to FIG. 2, the method for a Node B to determine the slot format of the F-DPCH when a UE is in CELL_FACH state or idle mode specifically includes the following steps:

Step 210: An RNC notifies the Node B of configuration information about a common E-DCH through a PSCH reconfiguration message, where the configuration information about the common E-DCH does not contain the configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH. The PSCH reconfiguration message is a PSCH reconfiguration request message.

Step 220: The Node B saves the E-DCH configuration information notified through the PSCH reconfiguration message.

Step 230: The Node B returns a PSCH reconfiguration response message to the RNC.

Step 240: The Node B uses No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH to transmit information over the F-DPCH when detecting that a UE in the CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH.

Embodiment 2

FIG. 3 is a flowchart of a method for determining the slot format of an F-DPCH according to another embodiment of the present disclosure. Referring to FIG. 3, the method for a Node B to determine the slot format of the F-DPCH when a UE is in CELL_FACH state or idle mode specifically includes the following steps:

Step 310: An RNC notifies the Node B of configuration information about a common E-DCH through a PSCH reconfiguration message, where the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains the configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH. The PSCH reconfiguration message is a PSCH reconfiguration request message.

Step 320: The Node B saves the E-DCH configuration information notified through the PSCH reconfiguration message, but ignores the configured slot format of the F-DPCH.

Step 330: The Node B returns a PSCH reconfiguration response message to an RNC.

Step 340: The Node B uses No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH to transmit information over the F-DPCH when detecting that a UE in CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH.

FIG. 4 is a schematic structure diagram of an apparatus for determining the slot format of an F-DPCH according to the present disclosure. Referring to FIG. 4, the apparatus includes a detecting unit 40 and a determining unit 41, wherein, the detecting unit 40 is configured to detect whether a UE in CELL_FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH, and further triggers the determining unit 41 if the UE is using the E-DCH. The determining unit is configured to use No.0 slot format of the F-DPCH as the slot format for sending messages over the F-DPCH.

For further optimizing the technical solution of the present disclosure, referring to FIG. 4, the apparatus further includes: a receiving unit 42, configured to receive configuration information about a common E-DCH from an RNC over signaling, where the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH, or the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains no configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH. The signaling contains a PSCH reconfiguration request message. The configuration information about the common E-DCH is contained in the common E-DCH system information contained in the PSCH reconfiguration request message.
A person skilled in the art should understand that, the apparatus illustrated in FIG. 4 is designed for the method for determining the slot format of the F-DPCH, and functions of the units and elements contained in the apparatus can be understood by referring to description of Embodiments 1 and 2, and can be implemented by programs running in the processor or specific logic circuits.

The above are only preferred embodiments of the present disclosure, and not intended to limit the protection scope of the present disclosure.

The invention claimed is:

1. A method for determining a slot format of a Fractional Dedicated Physical Control Channel (F-DPCH), comprising:
   - detecting, by the Node B, configuration information about a common Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) from a Radio Network Controller (RNC) over signaling;
   - using, by the Node B, number zero slot format of the F-DPCH as a slot format for transmitting information over the F-DPCH when detecting that the UE in CELL FACH state or idle mode is using an E-DCH.
   - wherein the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH.

3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH.

4. The method according to claim 2, wherein the signaling is a Physical Shared Channel (PSCH) reconfiguration request message.

5. The method according to claim 4, wherein the PSCH reconfiguration request message contains common E-DCH system information, and the configuration information about the common E-DCH is configured in the common E-DCH system information.

6. An apparatus for determining a slot format of a Fractional Dedicated Physical Control Channel (F-DPCH), comprising:
   - a receiving unit configured to receive configuration information about a common Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) from a Radio Network Controller (RNC) over signaling;
   - a detecting unit configured to detect whether a User Equipment (UE) in Cell Forward Access Channel (CELL FACH) state or idle mode is using an Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH), and to trigger the determining unit if the UE is using the E-DCH;
   - a determining unit configured to use number zero slot format of the F-DPCH as a slot format for transmitting information over the F-DPCH.

7. The apparatus according to claim 6, wherein the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH.

8. The apparatus according to claim 6, wherein the configuration information about the common E-DCH contains no configuration information about the slot format of the F-DPCH.

9. The apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the signaling is a Physical Shared Channel (PSCH) reconfiguration request message.

10. The apparatus according to claim 9, wherein the PSCH reconfiguration request message contains common E-DCH system information, and the configuration information about the common E-DCH is configured in the common E-DCH system information.

11. The method according to claim 3, wherein the signaling is a Physical Shared Channel (PSCH) reconfiguration request message.

12. The method according to claim 11, wherein the PSCH reconfiguration request message contains common E-DCH system information, and the configuration information about the common E-DCH is configured in the common E-DCH system information.

13. The apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the signaling is a Physical Shared Channel (PSCH) reconfiguration request message.

14. The apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the PSCH reconfiguration request message contains common E-DCH system information, and the configuration information about the common E-DCH is contained configured in the common E-DCH system information.

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